

# GST/HST Overview & CRA Audit Landscape

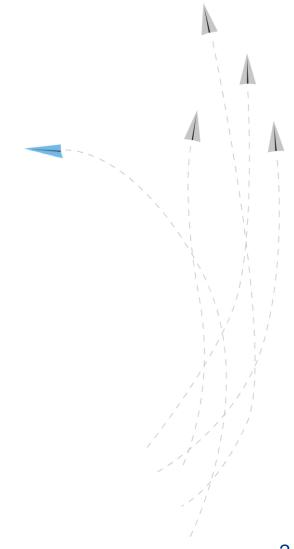
**Municipal Finance Officers of Ontario** 

September 21, 2018



## **Session Objectives**

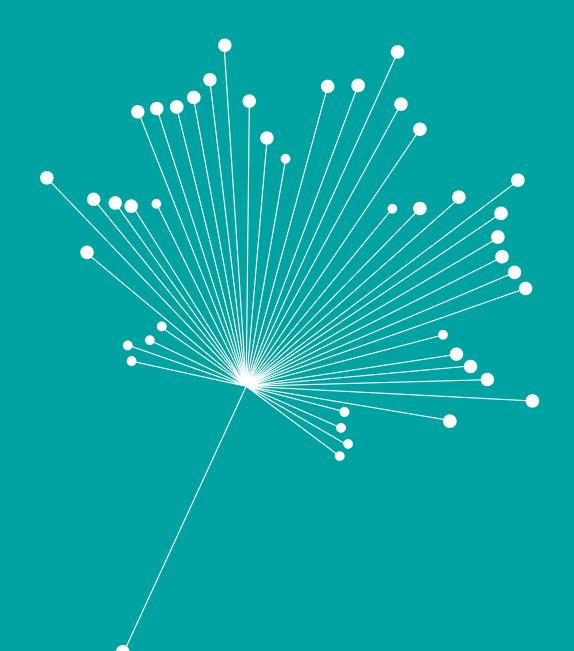
- 1 GST/HST Overview
- 2 Legislation and Rulings Update
- 3 CRA Audit Process Review
- 4 Municipal GST/HST Audit Issues



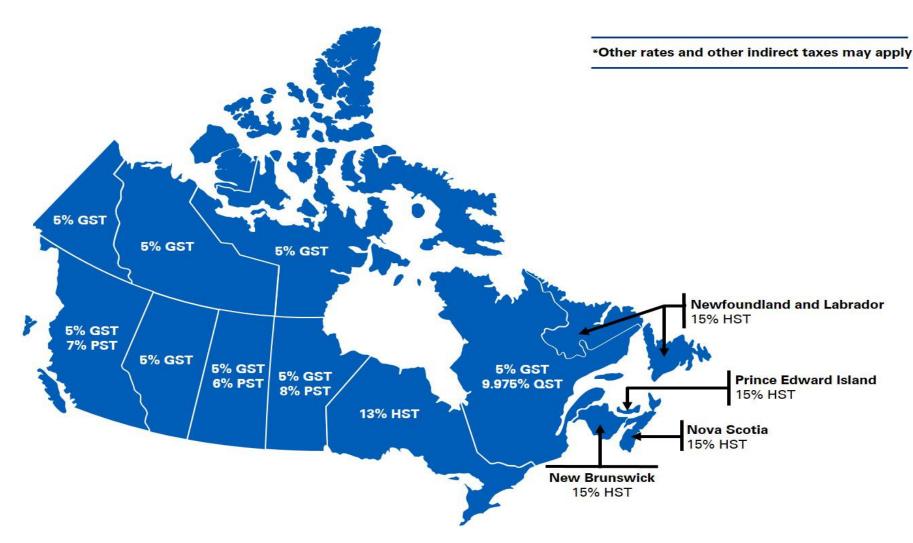




# GST/HST Overview



## **GST/HST Overview**





### **GST/HST Overview**

MUSH Sector is one of the more complex areas of GST/HST...



2004: GST Rebate 100%

- Many municipal supplies that were exempt became taxable
- Provinces that harmonized do not provide a full rebate of PVAT. E.g. 78% in Ontario





# Legislation and Rulings Overview



# **Legislative Overview-Claiming Missed Rebates**

GST/HST paid or payable must be claimed within period.

CRA required PSBs to amend previously filed applications to claim missed rebates.

This could technically result in numerous amendments to a rebate application.

**Previously** 

Can claim rebate amounts in a subsequent period, that were not previously claimed, where certain criteria are met such as application is made within 2 years after the particular rebate application was due

**After September 2017** 



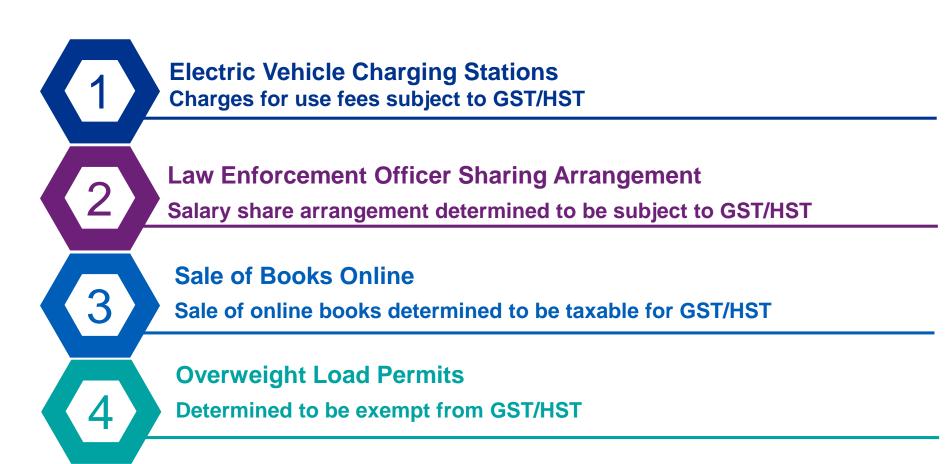








## Legislative & Rulings Review





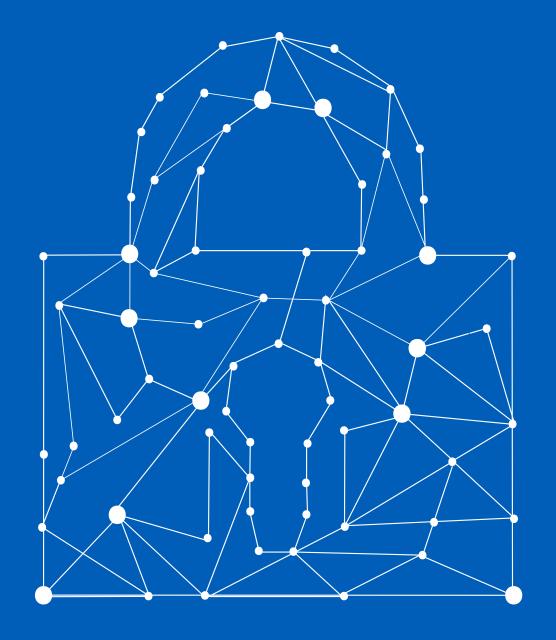
**Municipal Officers Allowances** 

No notional ITCs 2019 onwards (income taxable)





# CRA Audit Process Review



## **Types of CRA Audit Activity**







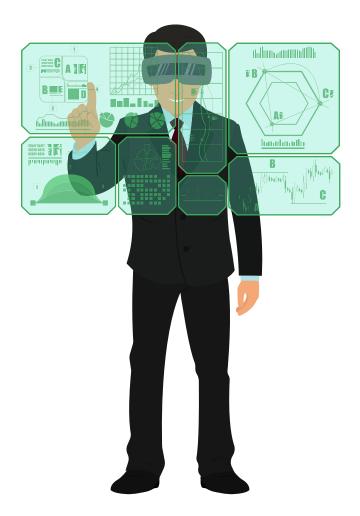


Reoccurring Large Business Audit

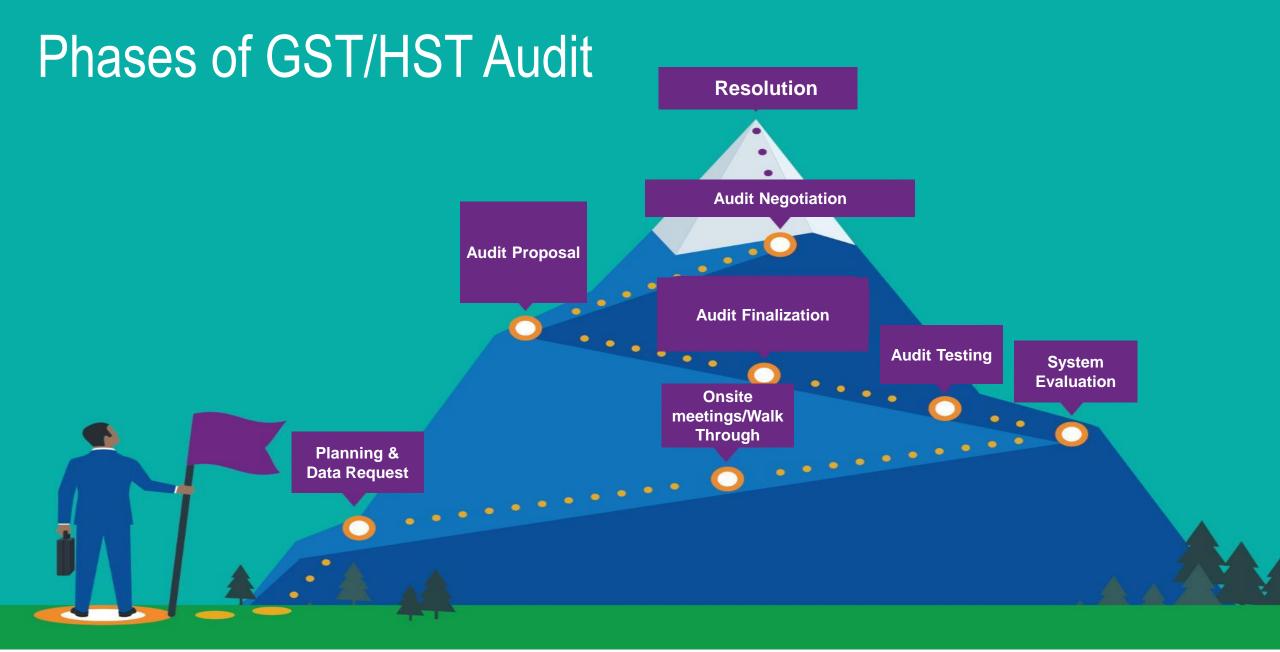
**GST/HST Full Audit** 

**GST/HST Refund Integrity Examination** 

**Information Request Letters** 







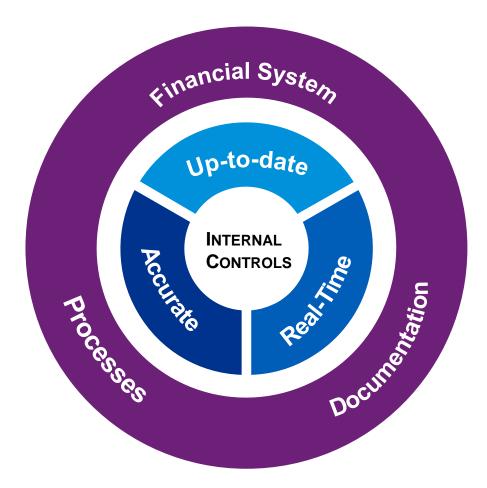


## **Audit Techniques**

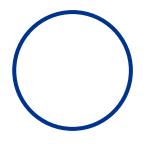
Interviews
Walk Through (Tour)
Agreement reviews
Invoice vouching
Statistical Sampling



## **Audit Perception of Risk**



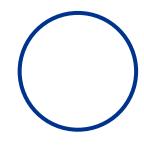




#### **Financial System**

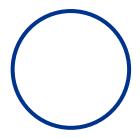
Easy to work with and understand?

Have new systems been implemented through Audit Period?



#### **Process**

Specific Process documentation (Return preparation, PCard, Expense Report Reconciliation etc.)



#### **Documentation**

Invoices, agreements etc. easy to locate and available.

### **Audit Considerations**



# Things to Consider



**Documented Policies & Processes** 



**Internal Controls** 



**Supporting Documentation** 



Relationships with third parties



System/Subsystem changes implemented during audit period

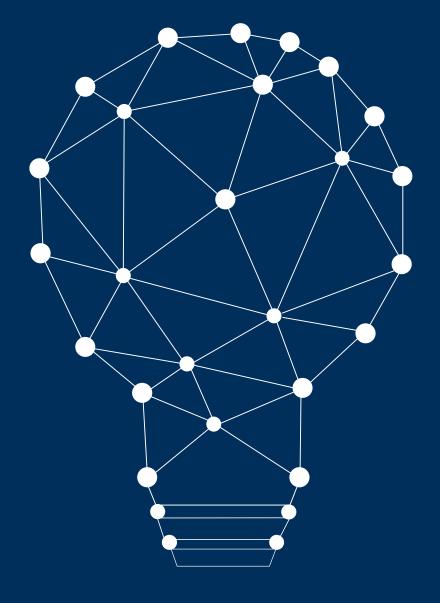


Who is authorized with the CRA





# Municipal GST/HST Audit Issues



#### **Audit Process Issues**

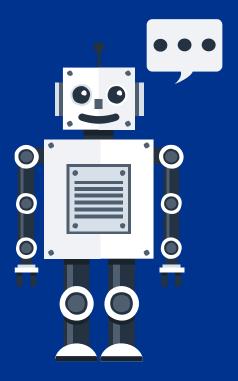
Data retrieval

CRA lag times

No system documentation

Too many points of contact

Statistical sampling & Extrapolation







## **Areas of Confusion**

- Strict rules on the information that must be present to claim a rebate and or ITC
- Document retention policies

Summary
<b>Documentation Re</b>

Supplier's name, or intermediary's name in respect of the supply, or name under which the supplier

• Where the supply is on a "tax included" basis, a statement of this status and the tax rate of each

• Where multiple supplies with different tax status, an indication of the tax status of each taxable

Recipient's name, or name under which the recipient does business, name of recipient's duly

does business

Total amount paid or payable

Date of invoice (if no invoice, other rules apply)

taxable supply that is not a zero-rated supply

supply that is not a zero-rated supply

Supplier's GST/HST registration number

authorized agent or representative

Terms of payment

Amount of applicable GST/HST – Many rules apply, including
• Amount of GST/HST for each supply or for all supplies

Description of each supply sufficient to identify each supply

**Total Amount Paid or Payable (Total Sale)** 

Between \$30 and \$149.99

**\$150 or More** 

Below \$30

 $\checkmark$ 



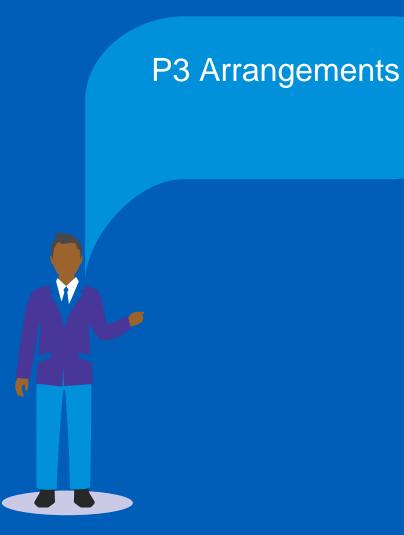
### **Areas of Confusion**

- Requests for Information
- Property disposals (by municipality and via auction)
- Permits, inspections and other services related to same
- Damage payments
- 911 access fees
- Environmental levies, and many others.



### **Areas of confusion**

- Required to self assess GST/HST on imports of services and intangibles
- E.g. Software, Nonresident consultants
- Required to self assess on acquisitions of taxable real property (where municipality is a GST/HST registrant)



#### **Areas of confusion**

GST/HST Implications of P3 Arrangements

- Nature of Supply
  - Identify all of the different supplies
  - Single or Multiple Supplies
  - Tax Status of supply
- Forms of consideration
  - Flow of consideration
  - Affects timing of GST/HST liability
- Recovery of Tax

## **Example**

Municipality provides land to Private Sector (PS) for purposes of constructing infrastructure

Ownership of the infrastructure is transferred to the municipality upon completion/installation.

Supply of land and infrastructure back to PS under a lease/license Supplies of real property by lease/license is taxable when supplied by a municipality, but may be exempt if another public service body (e.g. NPO community league) is making the supply.

Private sector participant has made supplies of improvements to the real property. Private sector claims ITC's on construction, and accounts for GST/HST on supply back to the municipality.





Grants vs
Consideration for
a supply

#### **Areas of confusion**

To determine if a payment is consideration for a supply:

- Establish whether the recipient has, or will, make a supply as a result of having received the payment
- If this is the case, determine whether there is a direct link between the transfer payment and the supply
- Transfer payments made in the public interest or for charitable purposes will not be regarded as consideration for a supply

## **Example**

#### Monies provided by a municipality to a NPO to expand facility

If municipality owns facility, funds may be consideration for a supply of construction services/management.

If NPO's owns facility funds may be considered a "public purpose" grant.

NPO may not be entitled to a full recovery of GST/HST on costs related to the expansion. Planning Alternatives?

#### Cost-sharing on construction of a Rec Centre with a School **Board**

If municipality owns Rec Centre funds may represent consideration for the right to use the facility when completed and GST/HST charged.







#### **Areas of confusion**

Continues to be an issue:

Input Tax Credits – General Rules

#### **Capital Expenses**

Primary use test

#### **Operating Expenses**

- <10% in commercial activities = Rebate only</li>
- >10% <90% in commercial activities = ITC = to % of use</li>
- ≥90% in commercial activities = 100% ITC

# Did we address all of the objectives of this session?

- Provide an overview of GST/HST
- Highlighted new rules and recent rulings
- 3 Discussed CRA audit insights
- Described Potential Audit Process and Technical issues





## Key Takeaways....

#### **Be Prepared**

- Document internal controls, policies, procedures
- Document retention policies
- Document tax set up in financial and subsystems

#### **Be Aware of Entitlements**

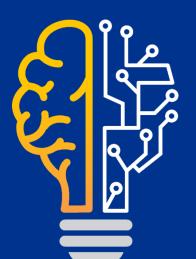
- CRA required to audit to net tax
- Under certain circumstances unclaimed credits can be claimed in the future

#### **Stay Current**

Ensure staff is aware of potential GST/HST issues.



# Questions...

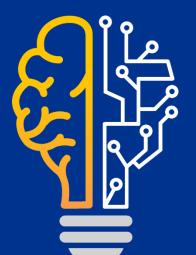


# Thank you...

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